

Pathomorphology (3) Educational subject description sheet

Basic information

Field of studyVeterinary Medicine

Speciality

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Organizational unit

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine

Study level

long-cycle

Study form

full-time studies

Education profile

General academic

Didactic cycle

2023/24

Subject code

WETFVMS D.540K.633d37e7120b1.23

Lecture languages

english

Mandatory

Obligatory subjects

Block

Major subjects

Disciplines

Veterinary medicine

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Teacher	Rafał Sapierzyński, Izabella Dolka, Katarzyna Kliczkowska-Klarowicz, Anna Rodo, Małgorzata Sobczak-Filipiak

Period Semester 7	Examination Exam	Number of ECTS points
	Activities and hours Lecture: 30 Laboratory exercises: 30	

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 1/9

Goals

Code	Goal	
C1	to gain knowledge in field of pathomorphology of domestic animals	
C2	to learn methods of performing an autopsy in various domestic animals	
С3	to know indications and methods of collection of samples for cytopathological and histopathological examination	
C4	to know indications and methods of collection of samples for cytopathological and histopathological examination	
C5	to achieve ability to correctly interpret the results of histopathological and cytopathological examination	
C6	to learn how to prepare cytopathological smears and to diagnose basic pathological changes during microscopic examination	

Entry requirements

Student should have a theoretical and practical knowledge about anatomy, clinical anatomy, histology, physiology, physiopathology, immunology, microbiology, pathomorphology module 1, pathomorphology module 2. Student is capable to work with light microscope.

Student can perform necropsy of domestic animals.

Subject's learning outcomes

Code	Outcomes in terms of	Effects	Examination methods
Knowled	lge - Student knows and understands:		'
W1	theoretical knowledge in the field of general pathology of animals.	B.W1, B.W15, B.W3, B.W4	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
W2	disorders at the level of cell, tissue, organ, system and organism in the course of the disease.	B.W1	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
W3	causes and symptoms, describes and interprets anatomopathological changes.	B.W2, B.W3	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
W4	how to collect, analyze and properly interpret clinical data and the results of laboratory and additional tests.	B.W4	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
W5	the health and safety rules applicable during the autopsy of animals and work in the histopathological laboratory.	B.W4, B.W8	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
Skills - S	Student can:		'
U1	perform autopsies of animals.	B.U16, B.U6, B.U8	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
U2	recognize the basic pathological processes in histopathological examination.	B.U7	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35

U3	collect tissue material for histopathological examination (sections of internal organs, pathological tissues removed during procedures, tissue bioptates) properly secure and properly send to the histopathological laboratory.	B.U6	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes
Social com	Social competences - Student is ready to:		
K1	use the practically acquired knowledge and acquired skills.	KS.1, KS.10, KS.11, KS.2, KS.4, KS.5, KS.6, KS.8, KS.9	Written exam, Assessment of activity during classes

Study content

No. Course content Subject's learning outcomes Activities	
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Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 3 / 9

Students learn theoretical information about following subjects:

Clinical pathology. Methods of sample collection, handling and fixation. Results of microscopic examination - interpretation. Clinical pathology. Cytopathology of inflammation and neoplasia - selected examples.

Pathology of female reproductive system - congenital disorders, non-inflammatory disorders, inflammation, neoplasia.

• Pathology of male reproductive system. Congenital disorders and alteration of spermatogenesis, inflammation and neoplasia.

- · Pathology of endocrine system. Pathology of pituitary gland, adrenal glands and pancreatic islets. Pathology of thyroid glands, parathyroid glands, chemoreceptor organ
- Pathology of the skin: general consideration. Microscopic examination of the skin. Congenital disorders. Chemical and physical causes of dermal lesions. Pathology of the skin: viral, bacterial, fungal, algal and parasitic skin diseases. Pathology of the skin: Immune mediated skin diseases. Miscellaneous skin disorders. Examples of cutaneous neoplasms.

1.

· Pathology of musculoskeletal system - bones. Responses to injury, types of bone diseases, bone tumors. Pathology of musculoskeletal system - muscle and joints. Response to injury, types articular and muscle diseases.

- Pathology of nervous system selected issues
- Pathology of eye and ear selected issues
- · Cytology of serosal cavities in cats presentation of selected cases
- \cdot $\;$ Introduction to forensic pathology/Pathology of newborns.

During practicals students perform diagnostic autopsies and learn to recognise pathological changes and correctly interpret found abnormalities. Students learn to collect cytopathological material, make smears, conduct microscopic evaluation of collected material and issue cytopathological diagnosis.

W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, U1, U2, U3, K1 Lecture, Laboratory exercises

Course advanced

Activities	Methods of conducting classes	
Lecture	Lecture	
Laboratory exercises	Laboratory (experiment), learning by experiment	

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 4 / 9

Activities	Examination method	Percentage
Lecture	Written exam	50%
Lecture	Assessment of activity during classes	20%
Laboratory exercises	Written exam	15%
Laboratory exercises	Assessment of activity during classes	15%

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 5 / 9

1. Cytopathology – written test based on knowledge achieved and recognition of slides - 2 of 3 cytologic slides have to be recognised correctly, then 3 open questic cytopathology (to pass this test student has to know at least 70% of obligatory m 2. Necropsy procedures and diagnostic necropsy – student has to perform necrop to necropsy procedures and is capable to recognise pathologic changes present in examined cadaver, moreover written test with 3 open question about lectures m semester 6 (to pass this test student has to know at least 70% of obligatory mate Three questions, each of the questions can be assessed on a scale of 0-3 points, a points can be obtained. • 0-5 points – unsatisfactory (2,0)	ion about naterial). psy according n the naterial from erial).
 6 points – satisfactory (3,0) 7 points – satisfactory plus (3,5) 8 points – good (4,0) 9 points – very good (5,0) The final grade of the 7th semester (module 3 patomporphology) is the average of from the two above passed colloquia. Failure to pass at least one colloquium in 2 in FAILURE OF THE SEMESTER.	
RULES FOR PASSING THE COURSE OF PATHOMORPHOLOGY (module 3) To pass the course pathomorphology students must:	
 obtain a practical pass for the necropsy of animals during semester 7, get a positive notes from both colloqia of 7th semester, 	
 provide signed autopsy protocols of animals. To pass the pathomorphology module 3 course, it is necessary to obtain a positive the final exam and from semester 7 classes. The final grade takes into account be passing semester 7 and the grade from the final examination according to the rul 	oth the grade
below.	
Lecture The course ends with a written exam, which includes 70 questions (single-choice questions; short open-ended questions; figures of macroscopic changes, figures of changes), including questions on detailed pathology, general pathology and histo Students receive a question card with places to answer. The exam lasts 70 minute MARKS FROM THE FINAL EXAM (70% OF THE FINAL GRADE)	of microscopic pathology.
0-49 questions - INSUFFICIENT (2,0) – 0 points of final grade 50-54 questions - SUFFICIENT (3,0) – 50 points final grade	
• 55-59 questions - SUFFICIENT PLUS (3,5) - 55 points of final grade	
 60-64 questions - GOOD (4,0) - 60 points final grade 65-67 questions - GOOD PLUS (4,5) - 65 points of final grade 	
• 68-70 questions – VERY GOOD 5,0) - 70 points of final grade Grades from the 7th semester classes are converted into points , according to the	e following
score:	2 Tollowing
GRADES FOR PASSING classes (30% OF THE FINAL GRADE) • INSUFFICIENT (2,0) – 0 points of the final grade	
 SUFFICIENT (3,0) - 20 points final grade SUFFICIENT PLUS (3,5) - 22 points. final grade 	
• GOOD (4,0) – 25 points final grade	
• GOOD PLUS (4,5) – 27 points final grade • VERY GOOD (5,0) – 30 points of final grade	
THE FINAL GRADE IS DETERMINED BY THE SUM OF THE POINTS OBTAINED AT THE SEMESTER 7 AND THE FINAL EXAM, ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCORING • 0- 69 points - INSUFFICIENT (2,0)	E END OF
 70-75 points - SUFFICIENT (3,0) 76-81 points - SUFFICIENT PLUS (3,5) 82-87 pts - GOOD (4,0) 88-93 pts - GOOD PLUS (4,5) 	
• 94-100 points – VERY GOOD (5,0) Depending on external conditions that prevent the planned form of verification, it change the forms of assessment of learning outcomes.	t is allowed to

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 6 / 9

Activities	Credit conditions
Laboratory exercises	1. Cytopathology – written test based on knowledge achieved and recognition of cytological sildes - 2 of 3 cytologic slides have to be recognised correctly, then 3 open question about cytopathology (to pass this test student has to know at least 70% of obligatory material). 2. Necropsy procedures and is capable to recognise pathologic changes present in the examined cadaver, moreover written test with 3 open question about lectures material from semester 6 (to pass this test student has to know at least 70% of obligatory material). Three questions, each of the questions can be assessed on a scale of 0-3 points, a total of 9 points can be obtained. 10-5 points – unsatisfactory (2.0) 10-5 points – satisfactory (3.0) 17 points – satisfactory (3.0) 19 points – satisfactory (3.0) 19 points – satisfactory (3.0) 19 points – satisfactory (3.0) 10 points – satisfactory (3.0) 10 points – satisfactory (3.0) 11 points – satisfactory (3.0) 12 points – satisfactory (3.0) 13 points – satisfactory (3.0) 14 points – satisfactory (3.0) 15 points – satisfactory (3.0) 16 points – satisfactory (3.0) 17 points – satisfactory (3.0) 18 points – good (4.0) 19 points – very good (5.0) 19 points – very good (5.0) 10 points – satisfactory (3.0) 10 points – satisfac

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 7 / 9

Literature

Obligatory

- 1. Pathologic basis of veterinary disease. M. D. McGavin and J. F. Zachary. Mosby-Elsevier Ed.
- 2. Introduction to veterinary pathology. N. F. Cheville, Blackwell Publishing
- 3. Necropsy Techniques for Veterinary Students. Kliczkowska-Klarowicz K., SGGW, Warszawa 2016.
- 4. Lecture materials provided by the lecturer

Calculation of ECTS points

Activity form	Activity hours*
Lecture	30
Laboratory exercises	30
Preparation for the exam	160
Student workload	Hours 220
Number of ECTS points	ECTS 8

^{*} hour means 45 minutes

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 8 / 9

Effects

Code	Content	
KS.1	Absolwent jest gotów do wykazywania odpowiedzialności za podejmowane decyzje wobec ludzi, zwierząt i środowiska przyrodniczego	
KS.2	Absolwent jest gotów do prezentowania postawy zgodnej z zasadami etycznymi i podejmowania działań w oparc o kodeks etyki w praktyce zawodowej oraz do wykazywania tolerancji dla postaw i zachowań wynikających z odmiennych uwarunkowań społecznych i kulturowych	
KS.4	Absolwent jest gotów do korzystania z obiektywnych źródeł informacji	
KS.5	Absolwent jest gotów do formułowania wniosków z własnych pomiarów lub obserwacji	
KS.6	Absolwent jest gotów do formułowania opinii dotyczących różnych aspektów działalności zawodowej	
KS.8	Absolwent jest gotów do pogłębiania wiedzy i doskonalenia umiejętności	
KS.9	Absolwent jest gotów do komunikowania się ze współpracownikami i dzielenia się wiedzą	
KS.10	Absolwent jest gotów do działania w warunkach niepewności i stresu	
KS.11	Absolwent jest gotów do współpracy z przedstawicielami innych zawodów w zakresie ochrony zdrowia publiczneg	
B.U6	Absolwent potrafi pobierać i zabezpieczać próbki do badań oraz wykonywać standardowe testy laboratoryjne, a także prawidłowo analizować i interpretować wyniki badań laboratoryjnych	
B.U7	Absolwent potrafi stosować aparaturę diagnostyczną, w tym radiologiczną, ultrasonograficzną i endoskopową, zgodnie z jej przeznaczeniem i zasadami bezpieczeństwa dla zwierząt i ludzi oraz interpretować wyniki badań uzyskane po jej zastosowaniu	
B.U8	Absolwent potrafi wdrażać właściwe procedury w przypadku stwierdzenia choroby podlegającej obowiązkowi zwalczania lub rejestracji	
B.U16	Absolwent potrafi wykonać sekcję zwłok zwierzęcia wraz z opisem, pobrać próbki i zabezpieczyć je do transportu	
B.W1	Absolwent zna i rozumie zaburzenia na poziomie komórki, tkanki, narządu, układu i organizmu w przebiegu choroby	
B.W2	Absolwent zna i rozumie mechanizmy patologii narządowych i ustrojowych	
B.W3	Absolwent zna i rozumie przyczyny i objawy zmian anatomopatologicznych, zasady leczenia i zapobiegania w poszczególnych jednostkach chorobowych	
B.W4	Absolwent zna i rozumie zasady postępowania diagnostycznego, z uwzględnieniem diagnostyki różnicowej, oraz postępowania terapeutycznego	
B.W8	Absolwent zna i rozumie sposób postępowania w przypadku podejrzenia lub stwierdzenia chorób podlegających obowiązkowi zwalczania lub rejestracji	
B.W15	Absolwent zna i rozumie sposoby zagospodarowywania i utylizacji produktów ubocznych i odpadów związanych z produkcją zwierzęcą	

Generated: 2024-07-05 15:35 9 / 9